

## LAMPIRAN 1

### HASIL DETERMINASI DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia catappa L.*)

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**LEMBAR IDENTIFIKASI TUMBUHAN**  
No.180/HB/11/2018

Herbarium Jatinangor, Laboratorium Taksonomi Tumbuhan, Departemen Biologi FMIPA UNPAD, dengan ini menerangkan bahwa :

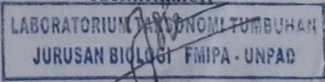
Nama : Teyvn Triandy  
NIM : 31114052  
Instansi : STIKES BTH, Tasikmalaya.  
Telah melakukan identifikasi tumbuhan, dengan No. Koleksi: -  
Tanggal Koleksi : 19 Nopember 2018  
Lokasi : Cikatomas, Tasikmalaya.

Hasil Identifikasi,  
Nama Ilmiah : *Terminalia catappa L.*  
Sinonim : *Terminalia catappa var. chlorocarpa Hassk.*  
Nama Lokal : Daun ketapang  
Suku/Famili : Combretaceae

Klasifikasi (Hirarki Taksonomi)  
Kingdom : Plantae  
Divisi : Magnoliophyta  
Class : Magnoliopsida  
Ordo : Myrtales  
Famili : Combretaceae  
Genus : *Terminalia*  
Species : *Terminalia catappa L.*

Referensi:  
Backer, C. A. and Bakhuizen v/d Brink R. C Jr. 1963. *Flora of Java*. Wolter-Noordhoff NV. Groningen.  
Cronquist, Arthur. 1981. *An Integrated System of Classification of Flowering Plants*. Columbia University Press. New York  
The Plant List. *Website Dunia Tumbuhan*. <http://www.theplantlist.org/tpl1.1/record/kew-713>  
. Diakses tanggal, 23 Nopember 2018.

Jatinangor, 23 Nopember 2018

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## LAMPIRAN 2

### PERHITUNGAN KADAR SARI SIMPLISIA DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia Cattapa L.*)

Penetapan	Berat Sampel (gram)	Berat Cawan Kosong (gram)	Berat Cawan + Sampel Konstan (gram)	Hasil	Standar
Kadar Sari Larut Air	5	47,501	47,9485	44,75%	
	5	43,1198	43,5527	43,29%	
	5	65,1684	65,6164	44,8%	≥20%
<b>Rata-rata</b>				44,28 ± 0,85%	
Kadar Sari Larut Etanol	5	47,6824	47,8324	15%	
	5	43,3046	43,4546	15,3%	≥8,6%
	5	65,4040	65,5539	14,99%	
<b>Rata-rata</b>				15,09 ± 0,17%	

#### Perhitungan :

$$\% \text{ Kadar Sari Larut Air} = \frac{(\text{berat cawan+sampel})-\text{berat cawan kosong}}{\text{berat sampel}} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \%$$

#### a. Kadar Sari Larut Air

$$1. \text{ Kadar Sari Larut Air} = \frac{47,9485-47,501}{5} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \% = 44,75 \%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar Sari Larut Air} = \frac{43,5527-43,1198}{5} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \% = 43,29 \%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar Sari Larut Air} = \frac{65,6164-65,1684}{5} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \% = 44,8 \%$$

$$\text{Rata-rata Kadar Sari Larut Air} = \frac{44,75+43,29+44,8}{3} = 44,28 \%$$

**b. Kadar Sari Larut Etanol**

1. Kadar Sari Larut Etanol =  $\frac{47,8324-47,6824}{5} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \% = 15\%$

2. Kadar Sari Larut Etanol =  $\frac{43,4546-43,3024}{5} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \% = 15,3 \%$

3. Kadar Sari Larut Etanol =  $\frac{65,5539-65,4040}{5} \times \frac{100}{20} \times 100 \% = 14,99 \%$

Rata-rata Kadar Sari Larut Air =  $\frac{15+15,3+14,99}{3} = 15,09\%$

### LAMPIRAN 3

#### PERHITUNGAN KADAR ABU SIMPLISIA DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia Cattapa L.*)

No	Berat Sampel (gram)	Berat Krus Kosong (gram)	Berat Krus + Abu (gram)	Hasil (%)	Standar
1	2	19,3128	19,5828	13,5%	
2	2	19,2271	19,4907	13,18%	≥13,1%
3	2	18,2839	18,6497	13,34%	
<b>Rata-rata</b>				<b>13,34 ± 0,16%</b>	

#### a. Penetapan Kadar Abu Total

Perhitungan :

$$\% \text{ Kadar Abu Total} = \frac{(\text{berat krus+abu}) - \text{berat krus kosong}}{\text{berat sampel}} \times 100 \%$$

$$1. \text{ Kadar Abu Total} = \frac{19,5828 - 19,3128}{2} \times 100 \% = 13,5 \%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar Abu Total} = \frac{19,2271 - 19,4907}{2} \times 100 \% = 13,18 \%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar Abu Total} = \frac{18,2839 - 18,6497}{2} \times 100 \% = 13,34 \%$$

$$\text{Rata-rata Kadar Abu Total} = \frac{13,5 + 13,18 + 13,34}{3} = 13,34\%$$

#### b. Penetapan Kadar Abu Tidak Larut Asam

No	Berat Sampel (gram)	Berat Krus Kosong (gram)	Berat Krus + Abu (gram)	Hasil (%)	Standar
1	2	18,4652	18,4846	0,97%	
2	2	20,0816	20,0997	0,90%	≥2,7%
3	2	19,8417	19,8615	0,99%	
<b>Rata-rata</b>				<b>0,95 ± 0,04%</b>	

**Perhitungan :**

$$\% \text{ Kadar Abu Tidak Larut Asam} = \frac{(\text{berat krus+abu})-\text{berat krus kosong}}{\text{berat sampel}} \times 100 \%$$

$$1. \text{ Kadar Abu Tidak Larut Asam} = \frac{18,4846-18,4652}{2} \times 100 \% = 0,97 \%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar Abu Tidak Larut Asam} = \frac{20,0997-20,0816}{2} \times 100 \% = 0,90 \%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar Abu Tidak Larut Asam} = \frac{19,8615-19,8417}{2} \times 100 \% = 0,99 \%$$

$$\text{Rata-rata Kadar Abu Total} = \frac{0,97+0,90+0,99}{3} = 0,95 \%$$

**c. Penetapan Kadar Abu Larut Air**

No	Berat Sampel (gram)	Berat Krus Kosong (gram)	Berat Krus + Abu (gram)	Hasil (%)	Standar
1	2	18,3467	18,5329	9,31%	
2	2	19,4045	19,5901	9,28%	≥6,8%
3	2	19,7869	19,9827	9,79%	
<b>Rata-rata</b>				<b>9,46 ± 0,28%</b>	

**Perhitungan :**

$$\% \text{ Kadar Abu Larut Air} = \frac{(\text{berat krus+abu})-\text{berat krus kosong}}{\text{berat sampel}} \times 100 \%$$

$$4. \text{ Kadar Abu Larut Air} = \frac{18,5329-18,3467}{2} \times 100 \% = 9,31 \%$$

$$5. \text{ Kadar Abu Larut Air} = \frac{19,5901-19,4045}{2} \times 100 \% = 9,28 \%$$

$$6. \text{ Kadar Abu Larut Air} = \frac{19,9827-19,7869}{2} \times 100 \% = 9,79 \%$$

$$\text{Rata-rata Kadar Abu Larut Air} = \frac{0,58+-0,42+-0,42}{3} = 9,46 \%$$

#### LAMPIRAN 4

#### PERHITUNGAN KADAR AIR SIMPLISIA DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia Cattapa L.*)

No	Berat Sampel (gram)	Volume Awal (mL)	Volume Akhir (mL)	Hasil (%)	Standar
1	5 gram	1,5 mL	1,7 mL	4%	
2	5 gram	1,7 mL	1,9 mL	4%	≥10%
3	5 gram	1,8 mL	2,0 mL	4%	
<b>Rata-rata</b>				<b>4%</b>	

**Perhitungan :**

$$\% \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{\text{volume akhir} - \text{volume awal}}{\text{berat sampel}} \times 100 \%$$

$$1. \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{1,7 \text{ mL} - 1,5 \text{ mL}}{5 \text{ gram}} \times 100 \% = 4 \%$$

$$2. \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{1,9 \text{ mL} - 1,7 \text{ mL}}{5 \text{ gram}} \times 100 \% = 4 \%$$

$$3. \text{ Kadar Air} = \frac{2,0 \text{ mL} - 1,8 \text{ mL}}{5 \text{ gram}} \times 100 \% = 4 \%$$

$$\text{Rata-rata \% Kadar Air} = \frac{4\% + 4\% + 4\%}{3} = 4 \%$$

## LAMPIRAN 5

### PERHITUNGAN SUSUT PENGERINGAN SIMPLISIA DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia Cattapa L.*)

No	Berat Sampel (gram)	Krus Timbang Konstan (gram)	Krus Timbang + Sampel Sebelum Dioven	Krus Timbang + Sampel Setelah Dioven	Hasil	Standar
1	2	34,9334	36,6095	36,3880	11,075%	
2	2	33,3246	34,9934	34,7736	10,855%	≥10%
3	2	33,9943	35,6542	35,4335	11,035%	
<b>Rata-rata</b>					<b>10,988 ± 0,11%</b>	

**Perhitungan :**

**% Susut Pengerinan =**

$$\frac{B.simplisia\ sebelum\ dioven - B.simplisia\ setelah\ dioven}{berat\ simplisia} \times 100\ %$$

$$1. \text{ Susut Pengerinan} = \frac{36,6095\ g - 36,3880\ g}{2\ gram} \times 100\ % = 11,075\ %$$

$$2. \text{ Susut Pengerinan} = \frac{34,7763\ g - 34,9934\ g}{2\ gram} \times 100\ % = 10,855\ %$$

$$3. \text{ Susut Pengerinan} = \frac{35,6542\ g - 35,4335\ g}{2\ gram} \times 100\ % = 11,035\ %$$

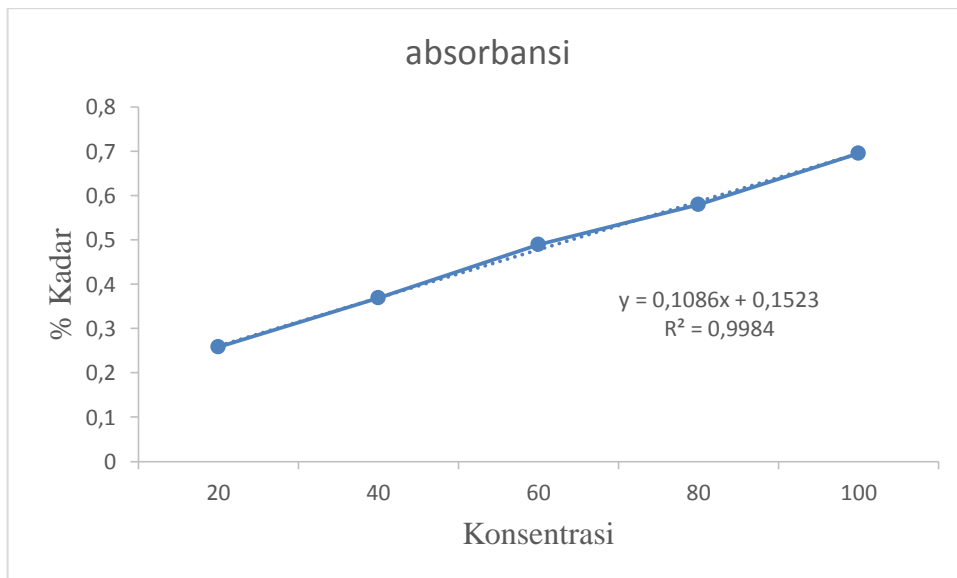
$$\text{Rata-rata \% Kadar Air} = \frac{11,075\% + 10,855\% + 11,035\%}{3} = 10,988\ %$$

## LAMPIRAN 6

### PENETAPAN KADAR TANIN TOTAL EKSTRAK ETANOL DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia Cattapa L.*)

#### 1. Kurva Kalibrasi Asam Tanat

Konsentrasi	Absorbansi
20	0,2577
40	0,3686
60	0,4894
80	0,5794
100	0,6953



**Gambar 4.8** Kurva Regresi Linier Asam Tanat



## 2. Sampel Ekstrak Etanol Daun Ketapang

Sampel	Absorbansi
1	0,287
2	0,368
3	0,439
4	0,549
5	0,649
<b>Rata-rata</b>	<b>0,459</b>

### Perhitungan Kadar Tanin Total Ekstrak Daun Ketapang

#### 1. Sampel 1

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$0,287 = 0,0905x - 0,1869$$

$$0,287 + 0,1869 = 0,0905x$$

$$= \frac{0,4739}{0,0905}$$

$$= 5,2364 \text{ ppm}$$

$$= \frac{5,2364}{20} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar} = 26,182 \%$$

#### 2. Sampel 2

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$0,368 = 0,0905x - 0,1869$$

$$0,368 + 0,1869 = 0,0905x$$

$$= \frac{0,5549}{0,0905}$$

$$= 6,1314 \text{ ppm}$$

$$= \frac{6,1314}{30} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar} = 20,43 \%$$

### 3. Sampel 3

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$0,439 = 0,0905x - 0,1869$$

$$0,439 + 0,1869 = 0,0905x$$

$$= \frac{0,8359}{0,0905}$$

$$= 9,2364 \text{ ppm}$$

$$= \frac{9,2364}{40} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar} = 17,29 \%$$

### 4. Sampel 4

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$0,549 = 0,0905x - 0,1869$$

$$0,549 + 0,1869 = 0,0905x$$

$$= \frac{0,7359}{0,0905}$$

$$= 8,1314 \text{ ppm}$$

$$= \frac{8,1314}{50} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar} = 16,2628 \%$$

## 5. Sampel 5

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$0,649 = 0,0905x - 0,1869$$

$$0,649 + 0,1869 = 0,0905x$$

$$= \frac{0,8359}{0,0905}$$

$$= 9,2364 \text{ ppm}$$

$$= \frac{9,2364}{60} \times 100\%$$

$$\% \text{ Kadar} = 15,394 \%$$

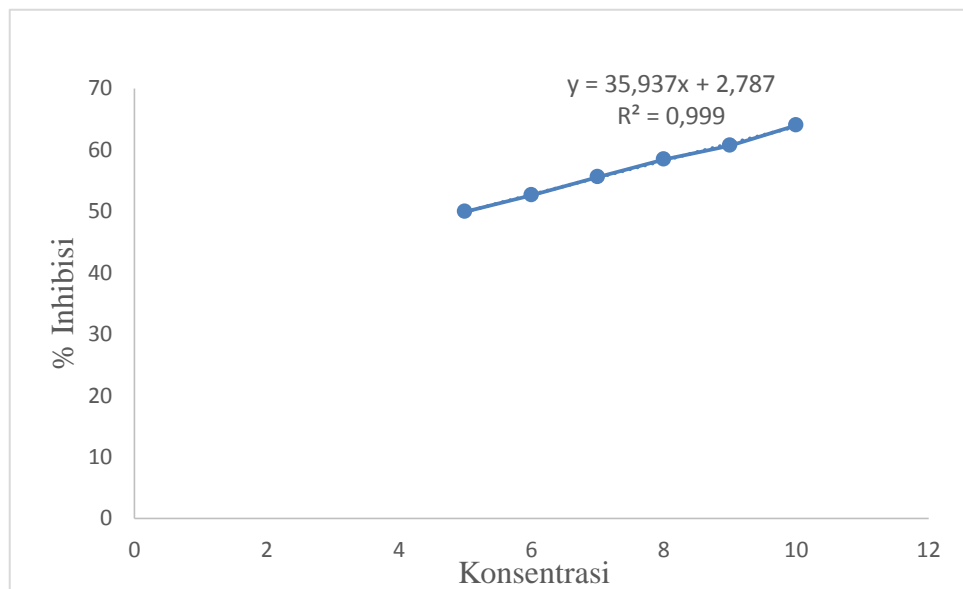
$$\text{Rata-rata} = \frac{26,182+20,43+17,29+16,2628+15,394}{5} = 17,11 \%$$

## LAMPIRAN 7

### PENETAPAN KADAR ANTIOKSIDAN EKSTRAK ETANOL DAUN KETAPANG (*Terminalia Cattapa L.*)

#### 1. Peredaman Ekstrak Etanol Daun Ketapang

Konsentrasi	Absorbansi	% Inhibisi
5	0,367	49,93
6	0,348	52,55
7	0,326	55,52
8	0,305	58,39
9	0,288	60,7
10	0,264	63,98



**Gambar 4.9** Kurva Regresi Linier Ekstrak Etanol Daun Ketapang

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$50 = 2,787x + 35,937$$

$$50 - 35,937 = 2,787x$$

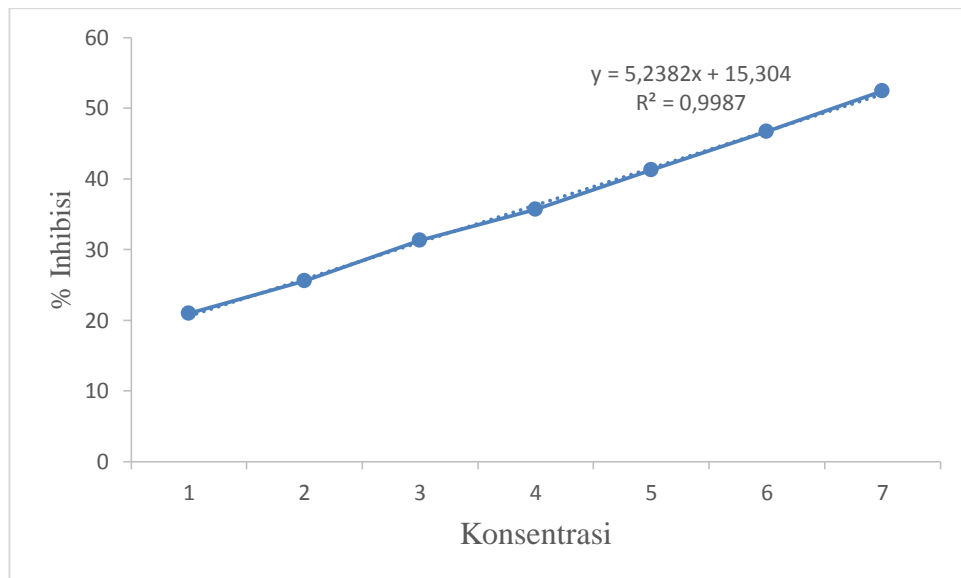
$$14,063 = 2,787x$$

$$X = \frac{14,063}{2,787}$$

X = 5,044 ppm

## 2. Peredaman Vitamin C

Konsentrasi	Absorbansi	% Inhibisi
1	0,452	20,97
2	0,426	25,52
3	0,393	31,29
4	0,368	35,66
5	0,336	41,25
6	0,305	46,67
7	0,272	52,44



**Gambar 4.10** Kurva Regresi Linier Vitamin C

$$Y = bx + a$$

$$50 = 5,238x + 15,304$$

$$50 - 15,304 = 5,238x$$

$$34,696 = 5,238x$$

$$X = \frac{34,696}{5,238}$$

$$X = 6,623 \text{ ppm}$$